

Date: Wednesday 19 July 2023 at 9.00 am

Venue: Meeting Room 1, Jim Cooke Conference Suite, Church Road, Stockton on
Tees, TS18 1TU

Cllr Norma Stephenson OBE
Cllr Mrs Ann McCoy

Cllr Steve Nelson

AGENDA

- 1 Apologies for Absence**
- 2 Minutes**

To approve the minutes for the last meeting held on 18th January 2023. (Pages 7 - 10)
- 3 Matters Arising:**
- 4 Serious Violence - Curve Update**
- 5 Anti-Social Behaviour Action Plan** (Pages 11 - 20)
- 6 Public Space Protection Order Update**
- 7 Off-Road Bikes and E-Scooters** (Pages 21 - 28)
- 8 Recorded Crime and Disorder Report** (Pages 29 - 34)
- 9 08 iQuanta Report 19.7.23** (Pages 35 - 40)

Members of the Public - Rights to Attend Meeting

With the exception of any item identified above as containing exempt or confidential information under the Local Government Act 1972 Section 100A(4), members of the public are entitled to attend this meeting and/or have access to the agenda papers.

Persons wishing to obtain any further information on this meeting, including the opportunities available for any member of the public to speak at the meeting; or for details of access to the meeting for disabled people, please

Contact: Democratic Services Support Officer - John Devine on email john.devine@stockton.gov.uk

KEY - Declarable interests are:-

- Disclosable Pecuniary Interests (DPI's)
- Other Registerable Interests (ORI's)
- Non Registerable Interests (NRI's)

Members – Declaration of Interest Guidance



Table 1 - Disclosable Pecuniary Interests

Subject	Description
Employment, office, trade, profession or vocation	Any employment, office, trade, profession or vocation carried on for profit or gain
Sponsorship	Any payment or provision of any other financial benefit (other than from the council) made to the councillor during the previous 12-month period for expenses incurred by him/her in carrying out his/her duties as a councillor, or towards his/her election expenses. This includes any payment or financial benefit from a trade union within the meaning of the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992.
Contracts	Any contract made between the councillor or his/her spouse or civil partner or the person with whom the councillor is living as if they were spouses/civil partners (or a firm in which such person is a partner, or an incorporated body of which such person is a director* or a body that such person has a beneficial interest in the securities of*) and the council — (a) under which goods or services are to be provided or works are to be executed; and (b) which has not been fully discharged.
Land and property	Any beneficial interest in land which is within the area of the council. 'Land' excludes an easement, servitude, interest or right in or over land which does not give the councillor or his/her spouse or civil partner or the person with whom the councillor is living as if they were spouses/ civil partners (alone or jointly with another) a right to occupy or to receive income.
Licences	Any licence (alone or jointly with others) to occupy land in the area of the council for a month or longer.
Corporate tenancies	Any tenancy where (to the councillor's knowledge)— (a) the landlord is the council; and (b) the tenant is a body that the councillor, or his/her spouse or civil partner or the person with whom the councillor is living as if they were spouses/ civil partners is a partner of or a director* of or has a beneficial interest in the securities* of.
Securities	Any beneficial interest in securities* of a body where— (a) that body (to the councillor's knowledge) has a place of business or land in the area of the council; and (b) either— (i) the total nominal value of the securities* exceeds £25,000 or one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that body; or (ii) if the share capital of that body is of more than one class, the total nominal value of the shares of any one class in which the councillor, or his/ her spouse or civil partner or the person with whom the councillor is living as if they were spouses/civil partners have a beneficial interest exceeds one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that class.

* 'director' includes a member of the committee of management of an industrial and provident society.

* 'securities' means shares, debentures, debenture stock, loan stock, bonds, units of a collective investment scheme within the meaning of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and other securities of any description, other than money deposited with a building society.

Table 2 – Other Registerable Interest

You must register as an Other Registrable Interest:

- a) any unpaid directorships
- b) any body of which you are a member or are in a position of general control or management and to which you are nominated or appointed by your authority
- c) any body
 - (i) exercising functions of a public nature
 - (ii) directed to charitable purposes or
 - (iii) one of whose principal purposes includes the influence of public opinion or policy (including any political party or trade union) of which you are a member or in a position of general control or management

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Safer Stockton Partnership

A meeting of Safer Stockton Partnership was held on Wednesday, 18th January, 2023.

Present: Cllr Steve Nelson (Chair), Cllr Norma Stephenson O.B.E (Vice-Chair), Cllr Mrs Ann McCoy, Marc Stephenson (SBC- Community Services), Sarah Bowman-Abouna (SBC-Public Health), Dave Willingham (SBC- Children Services), Gary Knight (SBC-Housing), Leanne Maloney-Kelly (SBC- Licensing), Mandie Rowlands (SBC-Children Services), Jon Carling (Catalyst), Angela Corner (Thirteen Group), Sharon Cooney (SBC- Community Services), Jill Lax (NHS), Alex Sinclair (NHS), John Wrintmore, Ian Brown, Sarah Wilson (Cleveland Police), Dawn Tyreman (SBC- Community Protection)

Officers: John Devine (SBC-Democratic Services)

Also in attendance:

Apologies: Ann Powell (Head of Stockton & Hartlepool PDU)

SSP Minutes of Last Meeting 30/22

Consideration was given to the minutes of the meeting held 23rd November 2022.

Agreed that the minutes be approved.

SSP Cleveland Online Policing App (COPA) Update 31/22

Members were presented with an update on the Cleveland Online Policing App (COPA). The presentation outlined the background and development of the app. A breakdown of the data that app has collected regarding reports which the app had processed. Also included was an outline for the future development of the app.

The main topics discussed were as follows:

- Members asked if any other Police forces had a similar reporting app, Officers informed members that at present no other forces had an app in place like the COPA app. But various other forces had taken a keen interest in the app and would follow the progress closely.
- The level of demand on the apps services and if staffing levels would be sufficient if that level of demand increased, it was also noted that this would be likely due to feedback from younger people in the area preferring apps. Officers acknowledged that when the app was launched there had been not solid data on demand but had seen steady increase in users since the launch. Three members of staff currently able to access the reports and triage but would expect that to be sufficient for foreseeable future.
- Members expressed a keen interest that the data gathered by the app be shared between all relevant partner organisations. Officers were able to confirm that serious cases of violence and related reports were shared with partners.

AGREED that the report be noted.

SSP Public Space Protection Order Update 32/22

Officers gave a verbal update to members of the partnership on the Stockton Councils progress on Public Space Protection Orders (PSPOs).

A strategic assessment had been undertaken which outlined the challenges which are faced by all involved partners. A draft order had been included in the agenda pack provided to members. The proposed areas which would be affected by the PSPO were outlined.

A period of consultation had been undertaken with the public from mid-November to mid-December. Officers noted public responses to the consultation had been in the excess of 1600. With 80% of those responses stating they had been targeted by aggressive begging.

The Council had undertaken a social media campaign to educate the public on the proposal, the feedback had been overwhelming supportive of the proposal. The definition of what the council had classified as aggressive begging had been included in the report for members, and to outline the proposed PSPO would not be targeting regular peaceful beggars.

Officers highlighted in the report the expanded definition for alcohol consumption, with exemptions being made for licensed premises as defined by The Anti-Social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014.

The PSPO proposal is scheduled to go to cabinet for their consideration in February 2023 and if approved, be implemented in March 2023.

Following the verbal update to members they discussed the following:

- Members asked Officers if monitoring would be in place to see the impact on other local areas after the PSPO are implemented. Officers told members that monitoring would be in place to assess the impact on other local areas.
- Questions were raised around enforcement of the PSPOs. The implementation strategy was being drawn up and would be completed before the PSPOs implementation, the number of notices issued within a period of 28 days would be monitored and the information brought back to the partnership.
- The PSPO had been designed to target those who have already had the option of help by other partners.
- Members expressed their support for the PSPO measures in the two targeted areas.

AGREED the report be noted.

SSP 33/22 Recorded Crime & Disorder

Members were presented with a Recorded Crime & Anti-Social Behaviour, the report focused on the recorded crime, anti-social behaviour incidents and domestic abuse in the Stockton on Tees Borough over a 12-month period starting in January 2022 to the end of December 2022.

Key points discussed by members were:

- The report stated that there had been an increase of 21% for Anti-Social Behaviour (ASB) but that was incorrect and should have shown a reduction of 34%
- Cleveland Police had begun a process of restructure and introducing phased approach to tackle rising issues.
- The Police acknowledged that there had been a resource gap identified but alternative funding was being identified to increase staffing levels.
- A new force model based around dedicated proactive teams to focus on

specific areas and targets was to be introduced.

- Members discussed the perception of crime by the public and how it could differ from the real levels of crime in the area. Officers spoke on the use of social media and how it would be used to promote positive news stories to raise public opinion in line with actual crime levels.
- The Police highlighted the increased number of drug offences arrests was due to a targeted policing effort to tackle drug related crimes.
- An increase in reported cases of Rape and Robbery would be an increased focus for Cleveland Police.
- Reported weapons offenses had increased but this could be explained by Police conducting targeted stop and searches.

AGREED that the report be noted.

SSP 34/22 Community Safety Action Plan

The Partnership was presented with the Community Safety Strategy 2022 Action Plan.

AGREED that the report be noted.

SSP 35/22 Any Other Business

Members were informed that the Trading Standards Report which had been expected would be moved to the next meeting.

The Police & Crime Commissioner had been invited to the meeting but due to scheduling conflicts had been unable to attend. An invite was extended to the next meeting for the Commissioner and the Chief Constable of Cleveland Police.

Officers informed members that Serious Violent Crime would be a standing item on the agenda going forward.

Following consultation with other Authorities in Stockton Councils all crimes most similar group, a report would be presented to members in the May meeting.

AGREED that the update be noted.

SSP 36/22 Restricted - I Quanta Report

Members were presented with a restricted report that provided an overview on crime comparisons against other similar CSPs utilising iQuanta.

This report was a restricted document due to the statistical information only made available as an intelligence tool for partnerships until released by the Home Office.

AGREED that the report be noted.



ASB Action Plan Overview

Denise Holian – Project Manager, OPCC

'Putting the pride back into Cleveland Police'

- The Government published the ASB Action Plan on 27 March 2023.
- The Action Plan sets out the Government's approach to tackling anti-social behaviour, including new approaches giving Police and Crime Commissioners, Local Authorities and other agencies tools to tackle ASB.
- The ASB Action Plan confirmed new funding and launching of pilots across England and Wales to deliver ASB Hotspot Patrols and Immediate Justice.

Pilot Areas

ASB Hotspot Patrols	Immediate Justice
	Cleveland
	Durham
	Northumbria
	Derbyshire
West Midlands	Nottinghamshire
South Yorkshire	Merseyside
Essex	Dorset
Lancashire	Sussex
South Wales	Northamptonshire
Staffordshire	West Yorkshire

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ASB Hotspot Patrols

Page 14

- Home Office led
- 2023/24 – 10 pilot Forces – 1 year pilot with £1 million funding per force area to March 2024
- 2024/25 – using lessons learnt from pilots roll out across England and Wales - funding allocation for Cleveland for 24/25 not known yet
- Uniformed patrols in ASB hotspots – doesn't have to be police, can be Local Authority enforcement
- Patrols must not be targeted in areas where GRIP patrols are already in place
- Perceptions data – local polling

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ASB Hotspot Patrols – Cleveland model

Page 15

- Local Authority enforcement model – Police already undertaking patrols on overtime through GRIP
- 19 hotspots identified across Cleveland
- All areas will sign up to Community Safety Accreditation Scheme to maximise enforcement capability – Stockton and Middlesbrough already CSAS accredited
- Launching summer 2023 using existing resources on overtime with further recruitment planned

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ASB Hotspot Patrols – Key Outcomes

- To reduce incidents of ASB and ASB related crime in target areas/surrounding areas
- To reduce the proportion of people witnessing or experiencing ASB in target areas/surrounding areas
- To reduce the proportion of people considering there to be a ‘high level’ of ASB in target areas/surrounding areas
- To reduce the proportion of people claiming ASB to be a problem in their area
- To improve public confidence in Police and Community Safety services

Immediate Justice - Overview

Page 17

- Department of Levelling Up led
- 2023/24 – 10 pilot Forces - £1 million funding per Force area up to March 2024
- 2024/25 – funding allocation to be decided
- Swift reparation – within 48 hours of offence disposal / referral
- Visible – offenders wearing high visibility jackets in local communities
- Focused – projects in target areas of high ASB
- Community led – community input to locations / projects

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Immediate Justice – Cleveland Model

- Two distinct services:
 - Adults – Probation led
 - 12 to 17 year olds – YOS led
- Adult Model - using current Out of Court Disposal framework for ASB related crime
- Youth Model - Locally tailored approach for lower level ASB linked to AS13s/ABCs – avoiding up tariffing
- Triaged approach – linking to Divert for adults & Turnaround for young people – those adults with greater pathway needs will not be deemed suitable for IJ
- Youth service focused on restorative activity alongside reparation – visible element of the reparation will be undertaken with plaques denoting project areas rather than high vis

Immediate Justice – Key Outcomes

- To reduce incidents of ASB and/or citizens' experiences of ASB in their local community
- To increase citizens' confidence in reporting ASB and that appropriate action will be taken
- To increase citizens' sense of community and social cohesion in their local area

Other measures in the ASB Action Plan

- Increasing the punishment for those who graffiti, litter or fly tip with fines of up to £500 and £1,000.
- Parks and green spaces will be restored with up to £5million to make them safer.
- An extra one-million hours of youth services in areas with the highest rates of ASB.
- Ban on the use of nitrous oxide through primary legislation (estimated October 2023), with a consultation on the legitimate use of nitrous oxide expected in mid-2023.
- Drug testing on arrest for wider substances - will require primary legislation.

Safer Stockton Partnership

Off Road Bikes, E-bikes and Scooters



Operation Endurance

Supt John Wrintmore

Agenda Item 7



The legal position – what must be in place

To ride a bike on a road you must have:

- Driving licence (or provisional) and you must have completed your CBT
- Insurance for the bike
- Road Tax
- Number Plate
- Lights (headlights, tail lights, brake lights, indicators)
- Reflectors
- Horn
- The bike must meet legal restrictions of an MOT



The legal position regarding Electric – in summary

- Electrically assisted pedal Cycles must be fitted with pedals that are capable of propelling it and the electric motor must not exceed 250 Watts. The electrical motor must also cut-off when the vehicle reaches 15.5 mph. Any bike with a motor that does not comply with this definition is a motor vehicle. Just as an electric car is still a car, an electric motorbike is still a motorbike.
- A fully electric motorcycle is not road legal and cannot be used on a road, pavement, or any public place without first being registered with the DVLA, taxed, passing an MOT and must be fitted with features necessary to make it safe for road use. The rider would require a licence and insurance to use the bike and must wear a helmet.
- Bikes such as these are in the same category as any other off-road bike and can only be used on private land with the permission of the landowner.
- If you use an off-road bike on a road or public place and is not registered, taxed, and insured then or you don't have a licence to ride it then you are committing multiple criminal offences and may be prosecuted and have your bike seized.



The legal position – power to seize

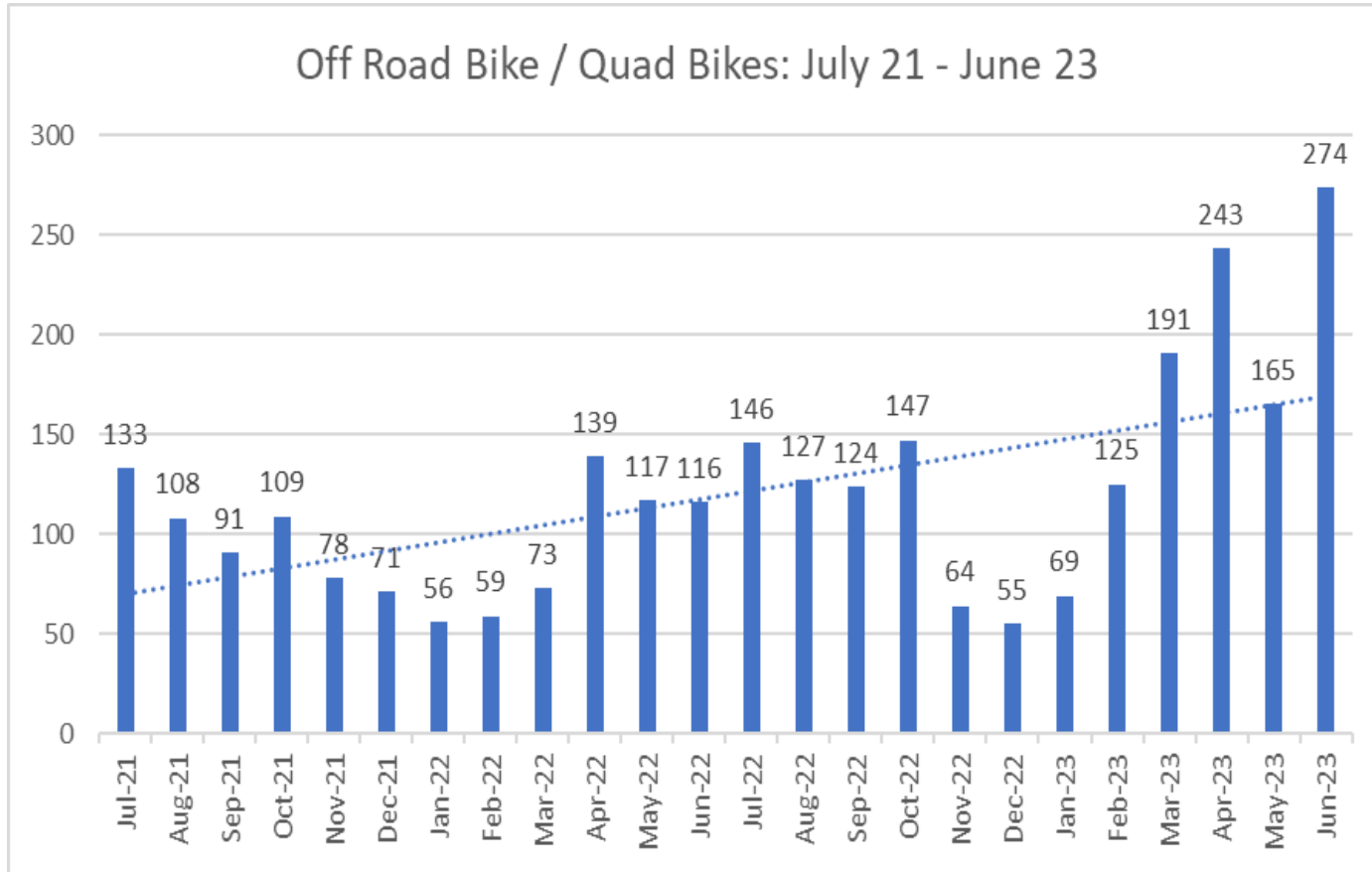
S19 Police and criminal evidence act 1984 This gives officers the power to seize property which may be relevant as evidence in the investigation of the offence. This power is often used when vehicle are suspected to be stolen or used in crime.

S165a Road Traffic Act 1988 An officer may seize the vehicle if they have reasonable grounds to **believe** that the vehicle was being used on a road or public place and the rider did not have a licence or insurance.

S.59 Police Reform Act 2002 can be used by the police if they have reasonable grounds for **believing** that a motor vehicle has been used in contravention of s.3 or s.34 RTA 1988 (careless and inconsiderate driving and prohibition of driving on footpaths, bridleways, restricted byways and on land not forming part of a road) **and** is causing, has caused or is likely to cause, alarm, distress or annoyance to members of the public. The vehicle can be seized if a S59 notice has been issued in the preceding 12 months.



Stockton Monthly Analysis



Current activity

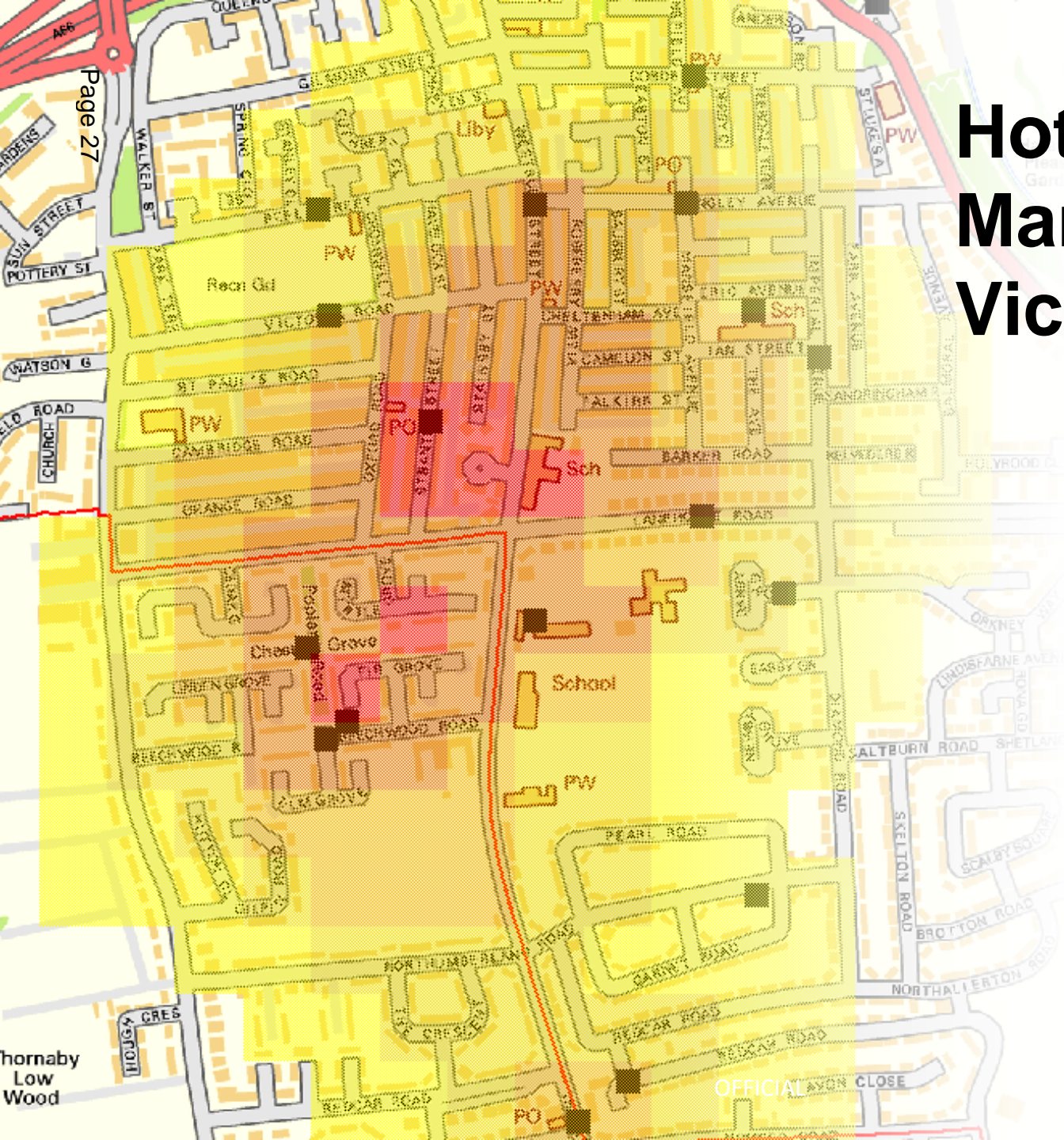
- Operation Artemis
- Monthly Days of Action – Sgt Cookland
- New tactics – stinger, drone, DNA, spray

It's important to note

- This needs to be balanced against many competing demands



Hot Spot – Mandale & Victoria



What can partners and the community do to help

- Community Intelligence – this is key
- Housing visits and enforcements
- Infrastructure
- Education



RECORDED CRIME & ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR

Introduction

1. This report provides an overview on recorded crime, anti-social behaviour incidents and domestic abuse in the Borough of Stockton-on-Tees for the 12-month period of July 2022 and June 2023.
2. The bulk of the statistics utilised for this report have been obtained from Cleveland Police crime statistic databases with the figures correct at the time of data extraction (12/07/2023). The data is extracted from 'live' systems and therefore remains the subject of on-going operational activity, audit and scrutiny.
3. This report will not provide any detailed analysis unless there are any substantial changes to patterns or trends.
4. A comparison against other similar Community Safety Partnerships utilising iQuanta is noted within a separate report (This report is a RESTRICTED document due to the statistical information only made available as an intelligence tool until released by the Home Office).
5. Any references to rates per 1,000 population are based on the ONS UK Mid-year population estimates for 2021.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Crime

The rate per 1,000 population (all ages)¹ for publicly reported crime in Stockton-on-Tees was 127.2 for July 2022- June 2023.

Between July 2022- June 2023, there were 20,820 publicly reported offences, which is an increase of 2,663 crimes (or + 14.7%) on the same period in the previous year. Police generated crime, which includes crimes such as drug offences, public disorder and possession of weapons has increased by 413 crimes in comparison with the previous period, giving total police generated crime figure of 4236 offences, up 10.8% on the same period the previous year. Overall, there was a total of 25,056 crimes, equal to 3,076 (14.0%) more crimes compared with the same period last year.

Comparing the number of crimes recorded in the period July 2022- June 2023 versus July 2021- June 2022, there were more of the following crime types recorded in the Borough: violence against the person; robbery; theft; criminal damage and arson; public disorder; trafficking of drugs; and possession of weapons.

Comparing the number of crimes recorded in the period July 2022- June 2023 versus July 2021- June 2022, there were fewer of the following crime types recorded in the Borough: Sexual offences, bicycle theft and Burglary- Business and Com.

Compared with July 2022- June 2023 versus July 2021- June 2022, the largest reduction (-6.4%) in Police recorded offences in Stockton-on-Tees was in relation to other sexual offences.

Anti-Social Behaviour (ASB)

As at 12/07/23, reports of ASB to Cleveland Police show that across the Borough in the last 12 months, there was 4,771 ASB incidents, which is -13.4% on the previous 12 months.

Between April 2022-March 2023, 3,692 Service Requests were recorded by Stockton-on-Tees Borough Council Civic Enforcement team as ASB (including noise and alcohol issues). This is equal to an overall increase of 461 incidents (+14.3%) in the last year. In the same comparative period, the number of begging incidents was 967, equal to +117; and the number of rowdy/nuisance behaviour incidents was 1,091, equal to +11.

¹ SOURCE: [Mid-Year Population Estimates, UK, 2021](#)

Crime: July 2022- June 2023 versus July 2021- June 2022

Table 1 below shows the number of crimes that have been recorded in Stockton-on-Tees between July 2022- June 2023 and Table 2 provides a one-month snapshot of the same for the last available month (June 2023). Please note, this does not necessarily mean that the crime occurred during that month, but it is the date that the crime was reported to Cleveland Police.

Key to note in Table 1 below, between July 2022- June 2023:

- There were 20,820 publicly reported offences, which is an increase of 2663 crimes (or an increase of 14.7%) on the same period in the previous year. The largest reduction was in relation to Other Sexual offences and the largest increase was in relation to Homicide.
- Police generated crime, which includes crimes such as drug offences, public disorder and possession of weapons has increased by a further 413 crimes, giving total police generated crime figure of 4236 offences, up 10.8% on the same period the previous year.
- Overall, there was a total of 25,056 crimes in the current period, equal to 3076 (+14.0%) more crimes in the same period last year.
- The rate per 1,000 population (all ages)² for publicly reported crime in Stockton-on-Tees was 127.2 for July 2022- June 2023. This has increased by 15.6 in the same period last year.

Key to note in Table 2 below:

- In June 2023, 1,679 publicly reported offences were recorded in the Borough, which is an decrease of 97 (or -5.5%) on June 2022. The largest increase was in relation to Death or injury due to driving.
- Police generated crime, which includes crimes such as drug offences, public disorder and possession of weapons was 328 in June 2023, down by 1 (0.3%) versus June 2022. The largest increase was in relation to Possession/Use of drugs.
- Overall, there was a total of 2007 crimes in the current period, equal to -98 (-4.7%) less crimes in June 2023- June 2022.

² SOURCE: [Mid-Year Population Estimates, UK, October 2021](#)

Table 1. Cleveland Police Crime Statistics for Stockton-on-Tees: July 2022- June 2023 versus July 2021- June 2022³

Crime Type	Jun-23	Jun-22	Difference (No. and %)	
Violence against the person	790	748	42	5.6%
<i>Homicide</i>	0	0	0	-
<i>Death or injury due to driving</i>	2	1	1	100.0%
<i>Violence with injury</i>	207	174	33	19.0%
<i>Violence without injury</i>	286	243	43	17.7%
<i>Stalking and Harassment</i>	295	330	-35	-10.6%
Sexual offences	67	64	3	4.7%
<i>Rape</i>	17	23	-6	-26.1%
<i>Other Sexual offences</i>	50	41	9	22.0%
Robbery	26	32	-6	-18.8%
Theft	586	677	-91	-13.4%
<i>Burglary - Residential</i>	89	81	8	9.9%
<i>Burglary - Business & Com.</i>	25	35	-10	-28.6%
<i>Bicycle Theft</i>	23	30	-7	-23.3%
<i>Theft from the person</i>	10	15	-5	-33.3%
<i>Vehicle Crime (Inc Inter.)</i>	108	95	13	13.7%
<i>Shoplifting</i>	152	244	-92	-37.7%
<i>Other Theft</i>	179	177	2	1.1%
Criminal damage and Arson	210	255	-45	-17.6%
Publicly Reported Crime	1679	1776	-97	-5.5%
Public Disorder	213	239	-26	-10.9%
Drug offences	40	29	11	37.9%
<i>Trafficking of drugs</i>	8	7	1	14.3%
<i>Possession/Use of drugs</i>	32	22	10	45.5%
Possession of Weapons	27	22	5	22.7%
Misc. crimes against society	48	39	9	23.1%
Police Generated Crime	328	329	-1	-0.3%
Total Crime	2007	2105	-98	-4.7%

³ SOURCE: Cleveland Police monthly crime statistics database

Table 2. Cleveland Police Crime Statistics for Stockton-on-Tees: July 2022- June 2023 versus July 2021- June 2022⁴

Crime Type	Last 12 Months Ending June 2023			
	Current Period	Previous Period	Difference (No)	Difference %
Violence against the person	9277	8422	855	10.2%
<i>Homicide</i>	5	1	4	400.0%
<i>Death or injury due to driving</i>	6	5	1	20.0%
<i>Violence with injury</i>	2190	1903	287	15.1%
<i>Violence without injury</i>	3239	3101	138	4.5%
<i>Stalking and Harassment</i>	3837	3412	425	12.5%
Sexual offences	847	861	-14	-1.6%
<i>Rape</i>	323	301	22	7.3%
<i>Other Sexual offences</i>	524	560	-36	-6.4%
Robbery	270	217	53	24.4%
Theft	7412	5968	1444	24.2%
<i>Burglary - Residential</i>	1184	833	351	42.1%
<i>Burglary - Business & Com.</i>	339	345	-6	-1.7%
<i>Bicycle Theft</i>	238	239	-1	-0.4%
<i>Theft from the person</i>	155	103	52	50.5%
<i>Vehicle Crime (Inc Inter.)</i>	1359	846	513	60.6%
<i>Shoplifting</i>	2385	2062	323	15.7%
<i>Other Theft</i>	1752	1540	212	13.8%
Criminal damage and Arson	3014	2689	325	12.1%
Publicly Reported Crime	20820	18157	2663	14.7%
Public Disorder	2691	2476	215	8.7%
Drug offences	701	551	150	27.2%
<i>Trafficking of drugs</i>	191	170	21	12.4%
<i>Possession/Use of drugs</i>	510	381	129	33.9%
Possession of Weapons	247	235	12	5.1%
Misc. crimes against society	597	561	36	6.4%
Police Generated Crime	4236	3823	413	10.8%
Total Crime	25056	21980	3076	14.0%

⁴ SOURCE: Cleveland Police Monthly Crime Statistics Database

Performance Highlights: July 2022- June 2023 versus July 2021- June 2022

Table 3 below highlights all areas where crime has reduced and has been ranked by the percentage reduction against the previous year, numeric reductions have also been provided for additional context, offence types in bold are combined offence types, whilst all others are individual offences.

Table 3. All recorded offences which REDUCED against the previous year in Stockton-on-Tees: July 2022- June 2023 versus July 2021- June 2022⁵

Offence Type	Numeric Reduction	Percentage Reduction
Other Sexual offences	-36	-6.4%
Burglary – Business and Com.	-6	-1.7%
Bicycle Theft	-1	-0.4%

Key to note in Table 3:

- Compared with July 2022- June 2023 versus July 2021- June 2022 overall the largest percentage reduction (-6.4%) in recorded offences in Stockton-on-Tees was in relation to Other Sexual offences.

END OF REPORT

⁵ SOURCE: Cleveland Police monthly crime statistics database

Agenda Item 9

By virtue of paragraph(s) 7 of Part 1 of Schedule 12A
of the Local Government Act 1972.

Document is Restricted

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